## **Progress in Knowledge and Skills: Computing**

Updated May 2024







Strand	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Computing Science Programming	Begin to understand an algorithm is a set of instructions to achieve a specific purpose  Understand that we control computers by giving them instructions  Combine forwards and backwards commands to make a sequence  Combine four direction commands to make sequences  Plan a simple program  Choose a command for a given purpose  Show a series of commands can be joined together  Give a sequence of instructions to a floor  Robot or sprite  Begin to debug instructions when a floor robot does not reach the intended destination  Begin to predict what will happen for a short sequence of instructions in a program	Describe a series of instructions as a sequence  Explain that a sequence of commands has a start and an outcome  Explain what happens when we change the order of commands  Use logical reasoning to predict the outcome of a sequence  Combine a range of commands to make increasingly more complex sequences  Understand that instructions in an algorithm need to be in order, clear and unambiguous  Create a simple program on screen, correcting any errors, with a particular goal or purpose in mind  Use the word debug to correct mistakes in an algorithm  Evaluate the success of an algorithm  Predict the outcome of a sequence  Compare prediction to the program outcome	Create a sequence of commands using a block language to produce a given outcome  Debug errors to accomplish specific goal  Work with others to decompose a problem into smaller steps to plan a project  Explain the order (sequence) of commands can affect the outcome (same commands, different order -> same or different outcome)  Identify different sequences can achieve the same outcome  Explain simple, sequence-based algorithms independently  Use logical reasoning to detect errors in programs	Plan a program using a block language which includes loops to produce a given outcome  Debug errors in increasingly complex programs to accomplish a specific goal  Independently decompose a problem into smaller steps to plan a project  Identify patterns (repetition) in a sequence  Understand repetition in programming is also called looping  Identify a loop in a program  Understand, identify and justify when to use 'infinite' or 'count controlled' loops  Explain the importance of instruction order in a loop  Explain an algorithm using sequence and repetition independently  Use logical reasoning to detect and correct errors in programs	Plan a program which includes selection to produce a given outcome  Debug errors in increasingly complex programs to accomplish a specific goal  Plan a solution to a problem using decomposition  Define that conditional statements (selection) are used in computer programs  Explain a loop can stop when a condition is met (number of times or event)  Explain a that program flow can branch according to a condition  Use a condition in an ifthen statement to produce a given outcome  Explain an algorithm using sequence, repetition and selection independently  Use logical reasoning to detect errors in increasingly complex programs	Plan a program which includes variables to produce a given outcome  Debug errors in increasingly complex programs to accomplish a specific goal  Solve problems using decomposition, tackling each part separately  Define 'variable' as something that is changeable  Explain that a variable has a name and a value  Identify a variable in an existing program  Use a variable in a conditional statement to control the flow of a program  Clearly and concisely explain algorithms using sequence, repetition, selection and variables independently  Use logical reasoning to detect errors in increasingly complex programs

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Computing Science		Computing, Systems and Networks	Recognise uses of information technology in school Identify a computer and its main parts Use a mouse in different ways e.g. to drag and drop, create a picture and open a file	Identify information technology in school and beyond  Explain how information technology helps us  Recognise the uses and features of information technology  Continue to practise mouse skills independently	Explain how a computer network can be used to share information  Explore how digital devices can be connected  Recognise the physical components of a network  Explain how digital devices function  Identify input and output devices	Describe how networks physically connect to other networks  Recognise how networked devices make up the internet  Describe how content can be added and accessed on the World Wide Web  Recognise how the content of the WWW is created and shared by people  Describe the current limitations of World Wide Web media	Explain that computers can be connected together to form systems  Recognise the role of computer systems in our lives  Recognise how information is transferred over the internet  Explain how sharing information online lets people in different places work together  Contribute to a shared project online  Evaluate different ways of working together online	Continue to develop online searching skills to enhance online communication and collaboration
Information Technology	Creating Media	Text	Identify and find keys on a keyboard  Add and remove text using basic typing skills (including use of space bar, backspace to delete and basic, ageappropriate punctuation)  Begin to save work to an appropriate location (hard drive and Google Drive), with support  Begin to retrieve and edit work, with support	Identify and find keys on a keyboard with increased confidence and speed Type capital letters Change font, style (bold, italic and underline) and size of text Save, print, retrieve and edit work from appropriate location (hard drive and Google Drive) independently Upload images or movies to appropriate place (hard drive and Google Drive), with support	Combine text and images to share a message  Consider how different layouts can suit different purposes  Type with increased confidence and speed using age-appropriate punctuation  Use return to create paragraphs  Change orientation of text  Wrap text around an image  Recognise a document can be formatted with placeholders	(Use cross-curricular opportunities to consolidate previous learning from Year 1 – Year 3)	(Use cross-curricular opportunities to consolidate previous learning from Year 1 – Year 3)	Recognise components of a webpage layout  Create a webpage including text, images, hyperlinks and embedded content  Understand the need for a navigation path

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Information Technology	Creating Media	Images	Create/edit a digital drawing using a range of 'tools' such as brushes, pens, shapes, and set the size, colour and shape Explain why tools were chosen and used	Use a digital device to take photographs  Edit a photograph using a range of tools  Recognise that photographs can be changed  Add and resize images (including insert clip art/copy & paste an image)	Change the orientation of images	Use a Chromebook to (further) manipulate images Recognise that images can be changed for different purposes Use the most appropriate tool for a particular purpose Consider the impact of changes made on the quality of the image	Recognise an image is comprised of separate objects  Add, remove, modify and combine objects to create graphical drawing on a computer  Recognise objects are layered  Recognise that objects can be modified in groups  Consider the impact of choices made	Create 3D graphical objects on a computer  Alter the view of a 3D space  Modify 3D objects  Combine 3D objects to create desired effect  Apply blank 3D objects as placeholders to create holes
	Creating Media	Multimedia		Experiment with sound using a Chromebook/iPad Use software to create and edit digital music for a purpose Begin to explain which tools were chosen and used	Understand animation is a sequence of drawings or photographs Relate animated movement with a sequence of images Plan an animation Review and improve an animation Evaluate the impact of adding other media to an animation	Press/tap buttons to start and stop recordings Recognise recorded audio is stored as a file Edit and alter recorded audio Layer sounds Save/export an audio file Consider the results of editing choices made	Identify the features of a good video  Plan a video production using a story board  Use a computer to make a video  Recognise a video can be improved through editing  Consider the impact of changes made on the quality of the video	(Use cross-curricular opportunities to consolidate previous learning from Year 1 – Year 5)

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Information Technology	Data and information	Identify objects that can be counted  Count objects with the same properties  Compare groups of objects  Describe objects in different ways  Answer questions about a group of objects	Recognise that objects can be counted and compared using tally charts  Recognise objects can be represented as pictures  Create a pictogram  Select objects by attribute and make comparisons  Explain that information can be presented using a computer	Identify object attributes needed to collect relevant data  Create a branching database  Identify objects using a branching database  Compare information shown in a pictogram with a branching database  Explain that data can be used to answer questions	Collect data using a digital device  Recognise that a sensor can be used as an input device for data collection  Use a larger data set to find information  Use a computer program to sort data by one attribute  Export information and present data in a table and a graph	Use a form to collect information  Navigate a flat-file database  Apply knowledge of a database to ask and answer real-world questions  Design a structure for a flat-file database  Choose tools to select and analyse data to answer questions  Select an appropriate graph to visually compare data  Choose suitable ways to present information	Identify questions that can be answered using data Create a spreadsheet for a purpose Apply a formula that can be used to produce calculated data Recognise data can be calculated using different operations Evaluate results in comparison to the question asked Choose suitable ways to present data
Digital Literacy	Online Safety	Identify rules to keep us healthy and safe when we are using technology  Use a simple password when logging on, where relevant  Explain why we use passwords  Recognise examples of personal information e.g. name, image  Know who to tell if concerned about online content or contact  Talk about their use of technology at home	Explain why information should not be shared  Remember a simple password to log onto the computer or a website  Identify rules for acceptable use of technology in school and home  Recognise what personal information is and the need to keep it private  Recognise that some information found online may not be true  Know how to report concerns about online content or contact at school or at home	Explain why we need to keep a password safe  Recognise that digital content belongs to the person who first created it, but we can give permission for others to use it  Recognise when to share personal information and when not to  Recognise that some people lie about who they are online  Explain how they would report concerns about online content or contact	Remember and use an individual password  Recognise what kinds of websites are trustworthy sources of information  Recognise the benefits and risks of different apps and websites  Evaluate the consequences of unreliable content  Understand that games and social media sites have age restrictions	Create a strong password and explain why this is important  Know where to find copyright free images and audio, and why this is important  Critically evaluate websites for reliability of information and authenticity  Demonstrate responsible use of online services, and know a range of ways to report concerns	Explain what makes a strong password and why this is important at school and in the wider world  Describe how algorithms are used to track online activities with a view to targeting advertising and information  Know that there are laws around the purchase of games; the production, sending and storage of images; and what is written online  Consider the ownership and uses of images and web content (copyright)

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	Digital Research		Search for content on a given website	Search for information in a single site  Understand that search engines select pages according to keywords found in the content	Use a standard search engine to find information Understand that search engines rank pages according to relevance.	Use filters to make more effective use of a standard search engine  Understand that search engines use a cached copy of the crawled web to select and rank results	Use of a range of search engines appropriate to finding information that is required  Understand that search engines rank pages based on the number and quality of in-bound links